

LUTON EDUCATION AUTHORITY.

REPORT

OF THE

School Medical Officer

For the Year 1922.

STAFF.

School Medical Officer	W. Archibald, M.D., D.P.H.
Oculist	M. HINE, M.D.
Dental Surgeon	J. J. MARTIN, L.D.S.
School Nurses	Miss A. Peck Mrs. Toogood.
<i>30,1001</i> 11 <i>W</i> 1303	MRS. TOOGOOD.
Clerk	Mr. Hawkes.

Percy J. Carter,

Education Secretary.

Luton Education Committee.

Office of School Medical Officer,
Waller Street,

LUTON, 25TH JANUARY, 1923.

TO THE CHAIRMAN AND MEMBERS OF THE LUTON EDUCATION COMMITTEE.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

In submitting to you my Annual Report on the Medical Examination of School Children in the Borough, I would gratefully acknowledge the courteous consideration you have shown me during the year.

It gives me much pleasure to record the able manner in which the School Nurses, Attendance Officers, and the Head Teachers in the various Schools have assisted me in the task of Medical Inspection. For economical reasons the Report has been condensed as much as possible, and the Tables set out are in accordance with the requirements of the Board of Education.

I am,
Ladies and Gentlemen,
Your obedient Servant,
WILLIAM ARCHIBALD.

REPORT FOR 1922.

During the year 1922, no special conditions affecting the health of the school children made themselves manifest. Measles and Chickenpox were responsible for a considerable loss of attendance during the autumn, but in no case was it necessary to apply school closure. The year has been remarkable for the small number of notifiable infectious diseases, indeed it is one of the lowest years on record. Only 12 children attending the local schools suffered from Diphtheria, and 7 from Scarlet Fever. The close co-operation between the Education Department and the Public Health Department has yielded excellent results, and the following Tables, as designed by the Board of Education, set out the results of the school medical work. These Tables require little explanation, as they are in most cases self-explanatory.

Table I shows the number of children inspected during the period 1st January to 31st December of the same year. In Section A of the Table are given the figures for the Routine Inspections, that is the children in the three age groups examined at the schools during the year. These are entrants, leavers, and the children attaining the age of 8 years during 1922. Section B of the Table records the number of special inspections made during the year. This includes cases referred to the Clinic by Head Teachers, Attendance Officers, School Nurses, &c., and also the re-examination of certain cases referred from Routine Inspection.

Last year time did not permit of the examination of the 8-year-old group, as in October, 1921, it was necessary to classify and medically examine all the known cases of mental deficiency in the Borough, and to select candidates for the Special School, which was opened in October, 1921. This year the three groups have been completed.

TABLE I.—Number of Children Inspected 1st January to 31st December, 1922.

A NOULINE WEDICAL INSPECTIO	Α.	Ro	UTINE	MEDICAL	INSPECTION
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	1		El	NTRAN	NTS.		LEAVERS.				Grand
Age	•••	4	5	6	Others	Total	12	13	14	Total	Total.
Boys Girls	• • •	27 23	253 260	114 105	34 46	428 434	314 320	42 54	7 3	363 377	1203 1166
Totals	•••	50	513	219	80	862	634	96	10	740	2369

INTERMEDIATE—Age 8.

Boys. Girls. Total. 412 355 767

B.—Special Inspections.

44.5.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.			(Special Cases.	No. of children re-examined.
Boys Girls	• • •	• • •		657	26
Girls	• • •	• • •	• • •	1016	39
То	tals	•••		1673	65

C.—Total number of individual children inspected by the Medical Officer, whether as Routine or Special Cases (no child being counted more than once in one year.)

No. of Individual Children Inspected 4107

Table II is a summary of all the defects found in the course of Medical Examination of the 2369 children inspected during the year. Ringworm, particularly of the head, still shows an undue prevalence, and is responsible for a large amount of the non-attendance at school. An X Ray outfit would do much to shorten the absence from school, but at present it is impossible to obtain this form of treatment.

It will also be observed that 188 children have been noted as showing evidence of malnutrition. In every case, enquiries were made as to home conditions, and while the Education Feeding Centres were open, any deserving cases were furnished with meals. Most of these 188 children were constitutionally weakly, and were not suffering from lack of food. Throughout the year a very careful watch was kept by teachers for any evidence of lack of proper food among the children, and any cases so reported were at once investigated. In only two instances was any direct evidence of food shortage found, and these two families were at once catered for by the Board of Guardians. The Table needs no further comment.

TABLE II.—RETURN OF DEFECTS FOUND IN THE COURSE OF MEDICAL INSPECTION, 1922.

						Routine In	spections.	Spec	cials.
	Defe	ect or Diseas	e.			Number referred for treatment.	Number requiring to be kept under observation.	Number referred for treatment.	Number requiring to be kept under observation.
		(1)				(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Malnutrit	ion .	• • • • •	• • •		• • •	• • •	188	1	• • •
Uncleanli	ness:								
Head	•••	• • • • • •	•••	• • •	• • •	• • •	52	47	• • •
Body	• • •	• • • • • •	• • •		• • •	,	66	13	•••
_	Ringwo	rm :							
	Head		• • •	• • •		1	• • •	123	•••
Skin -	Body	• • •	•••	• • •		1	• • •	69	• • •
Skill 7	Scabies	• • •	• • •	• • •			1	39	
	Impetig		••••		• • •		6	161	• • •
	Other I	Di <mark>sease</mark> s (nor	-Tub	percular)	• • •		8	19	• • •
	Blephan	ritis	• • •		• • •	• • •	12	2	• • •
	Conjun		• • •	• • •			3	21	• • •
	Keratiti		• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	•••
Eyes .	Corneal		• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	6	• • •
Lycs -		1 Opacities	• • •	• • •	• • •		1	• • •	5
		ve Vision	• • •	• • •	• • •		• • •	• • •	•••
	Squint		• • •	• • •	• • •	. 3	30	•••	• • •
		Conditions	• • •	• • •	• • •		1	20	•••
		ve Hearing	• • •	• • •	• • •	. 2	31	• • •	•••
Ear		Media	•••	• • •	• • •	• • • •	• • •	30	20
		Ear Diseases	• • •	• • •	• •		15	10	•••
		ed Tonsils	•••	• • •	• •	. 19	41	16	14
Nose and	2		• • •		• •		•••	•••	•••
Throat		ed Tonsils a	nd A	denoids	• •	•	• • •	•••	
	(Other (Conditions	• • •	• • •	• •		• • •	2 9	107

				Routine In	nspections.	Spec	cials.
	Defect or Disease.			Number referred for treatment.	Number requiring to be kept under observation.	Number referred for treatment.	Number requiring to be kept under observation.
	(1)			(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Enlarged	Cervical Glands (non-		•••	•••	 25	•••	33 1
	Speech (Heart Disease:—	• •••	• • •	• • •	20	•••	1
Heart &	Organic Disease	• • • •	• • •	• • •	17	5	• • •
Circula- tion	Functional ,,	• • • •	• • •	• • •	10	1	• • •
11011	(Anæmia	• • • •	• • •	•••	60	45	100
Lungs	Bronchitis		• • •	• • •	62	10	19
	Other non-Tubercular	Disease	• • •	• • •	2	•••	• • •
	Pulmonary:— Definite				2	3	
	Suspected		• • •	• • •	6	$\begin{vmatrix} & 0 \\ 2 & \end{vmatrix}$	• • •
	Non-Pulmonary:—	•	•••	•••	Ü	_	•••
Tubercle	Glanda		• • •	• • •	3	15	• • •
1 ubercie	Spine		• • •	• • •	• • •		• • •
	Hip		• • •	•••	•••	•••	• • •
	Other Bones and Jo	ints	•••	•••	3	1	• • •
	Skin Other Forms	• • • •	• • • ;	• • •	0	•••	• • •
	2 T2 = 11		• • •	• • •	2 1	•••	$\frac{\cdots}{2}$
Nervous	Charge		• • •	• • •	$\frac{1}{3}$	9	19
System	Other Conditions		• • •	•••	1		7
D.	Rickets		• • •		10		,
Deform-	Spinal Curvature		• • •	•••	•••		• • •
ities	Other Forms		• • •	• • •	5	•••	• • •
Other Dis	Seases and Defects	• •••	•••	• • •	89	82	639
				64	746	779	966

Number of individual children having defects which required treatment or to be kept under observation 2548

Employment of Children, 1922.

CHILDREN REGISTERED FOR EMPLOYMENT DURING THE YEAR 1922.

AFTER School Hours.

EMPLOYED BY: Boys. Girls. EMPLOYED BY: -	Boys.	Girls.
Butchers 2 — House Boys and Girls	$\tilde{4}$	2
Bakers 9 — Hosier	1	
Bootsalesmen & Repairers 9 — Harness Maker	1	
Corn Chandlers 2 — Ironmonger	1	
Chemists 5 — Insurance Superintendent	1	
Clothiers 2 — Laundry	2	
Dentists & Doctors 2 — Milliners	3	
Drapers, &c 5 — Newsagents, etc	16	
Dyer 1 — Photographers	2	
Grocers & Provision Mer- Paint & Varnish Merchant	1	
chants 27 — Straw Hat Manufacturers	4	
Greengrocers 17 —		
Glass & China Merchants — 1	117	3
Children employed before School by Newsagents during the year	136	
Milkmen	5	
,, ,, ,, !!!!!k!!!!!! ,, ,, ,,		
	141	
		* Terrytom
Total Children employed during 1922	258	3
Children registered for employment before School (new cases)	51	
ofter	48	
Licenses issued (Street trading)	11	
Licences issued (Street trading) ,,	 11	0
		_

Children employed, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,	af cenc ted a	fter ,, es in use and warned s	same tin		•••		•••	•••	• • •	141 120 27 120 109
,, ,,		•	•••				•••	• • •	•••	11
Number of Childs									3	117
1)		rejected	,,))	,,	J	,,	2	
,,	, 1	under age	• • •	• • •	• • •	• •	•••	• • •	2	
,, ,,	, 1	registration r	ot com	pleted	• • •	•••	• • •	• • •	3	
99 97	, 1	registered	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	1	7 10	117
Prosecutions under 1 case dismissed 1 case fined 5/- at 2 cases fined 2/6. 1 case fined 10/- (on p nd c	oromise not toosts and bou	o offend	l again	•		e sum	 of £2.	•••	5
-										

Special School.

In October 1921, the Education Committee, with the consent of the Board of Education, acquired the premises known as "The Briars," and spened them, after alterations, as a school for mentally defective and backward children. In order to make a selection of suitable cases for this school, a complete survey of all known cases of mental deficiency in the Borough was made in October 1921, and about 40 children were selected as suitable. In each case the proper Medical History Form (Form M.) was completed, and the mental age of the children ascertained.

These premises have proved suitable in every way, and with a staff of two teachers and a married couple as caretakers, &c., the school has made good progress.

Some difficulty was experienced at first in persuading parents to allow their children to attend, but this has already disappeared. The children are conveyed to and from the school in special tram cars, under the caretaker's charge, and they remain in the school for the mid-day meal, for which a charge of 3d. per head per day is made. The school is now in full working order, and the accommodation has been fixed by the Board of Education at 45 scholars.

During the year the scholars have been re-examined medically, and also as regards their mental attainments, and in every instance marked progress has resulted. The children appear smarter and brighter, take more interest in their work, and the general physical signs of improvement are manifest. It is hoped that in the near future some of the scholars may be able to be re-transferred to ordinary schools.

Table III sets out, as far as is known, the number of exceptional children of school age in the Borough, classified according to the physical defect under which each child suffers. There are, at the present moment, in the Infants' Departments, about 20 children whose backwardness suggests that it may be necessary to transfer them to the Special School at a later date. These children are being carefully watched by the teachers, and if sufficient progress is not made, they will be dealt with according to the Regulations of the Board of Education, and sent to "The Briars" Special School.

TABLE III. NUMERICAL RETURN OF ALL EXCEPTIONAL CHILDREN IN THE AREA IN 1922.

Blind. (including partially blind) within the meaning of the Elementary Education (Blind and Deaf Children) Act, 1893			Boys	Girls	Total
Not at School Not at Schoo	blind) within the meaning of the Elementary Educa- Attending Certified Schools	for the			
partially deafy within the meaning of the Elementary Schools attending Certified Schools for the Deaf	ren) Act, 1893 Not at School	la l		_	
Deaf	partially deaf) within the Attending Public Elementary S		1	• • •	1
Attending Public Elementary Schools	Education (Blind and Deaf Deaf Not at School	• • • •		_	
during the year	Attending Public Elementary S Attending Certified Schools fo tally Defective Children	r Men-			51
Idiots	during the year	•••			1
Epileptics	IMINACILAS		•••		•••
Attending Certified Schools for Epileptics In Institutions other than Certified Schools Not at School Not at School Attending Public Elementary Schools Attending Certified Schools for Physically Defective Children In Institutions other than Certified Schools Schools Not at School In Institutions other than Certified Schools Attending Public Elementary Schools Attending Public Elementary Schools Attending Public Elementary Schools Attending Public Elementary Schools Attending Certified Schools for Physically Defective Children In Institutions other that Certified Schools Not at School	Idiots		•••	• • •	•••
Tics Crippling due to Tuberculosis Crippling due to Causes other than Tuberculosis, i.e. Paralysis, Rickets, Traumatism Crippling due to Causes other than Tuberculosis, i.e. Paralysis, Rickets, Traumatism Children suitable for admission to Open Air Schools; children suffering from severe Heart Disease In Institutions other than Certified Schools of Physically Defective Children Crippling due to causes other than Tuberculosis, i.e. Paralysis, Rickets, Traumatism Crippling due to causes other than Tuberculosis, i.e. Paralysis, Rickets, Traumatism Crippling due to causes other than Tuberculosis, i.e. Paralysis, Rickets, Traumatism Crippling due to causes other than Tuberculosis, i.e. Paralysis, Rickets, Traumatism Crippling due to causes other than Tuberculosis, i.e. Paralysis, Rickets, Traumatism Crippling due to causes other than Tuberculosis, i.e. Paralysis, Rickets, Traumatism Crippling due to causes other than Tuberculosis, i.e. Paralysis, Rickets, Traumatism Crippling due to causes other than Tuberculosis, i.e. Paralysis, Rickets, Traumatism Crippling due to causes other than Tuberculosis, i.e. Paralysis, Rickets, Traumatism Crippling due to causes other than Certified Schools for Physically Defective Children Crippling due to Causes other than Certified Schools Crippling due t			1	1	2
Physically Defective— Pulmonary Tuberculosis Pulmonary Tuberculosis Crippling due to Tuberculosis Crippling due to Tuberculosis Crippling due to Tuberculosis Crippling due to Causes other than Tuberculosis, i.e. Paralysis, Rickets, Traumatism Other Physical Defectives, e.g. delicate and other children suitable for admission to Open Air Schools; children suffering from severe Heart Disease Not at School Attending Public Elementary Schools Attending Certified Schools for Physically Defective Children In Institutions other that Certified Schools Attending Public Elementary Schools Attending Public Elementary Schools Attending Certified Schools for Physically Defective Children In Institutions other than Certified Schools for Physically Defective Children Attending Public Elementary Schools Attending Public Elementary Schools Attending Public Elementary Schools Attending Certified Schools for Physically Defective Children Attending Open Air Schools Attending Open Air Schools Not at School Not	Epileptics tics In Institutions other than C	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••	•••	•••
Attending Certified Schools for Physically Defective Children		• • • •	• • •	1	
Pulmonary Tuberculosis Crippling due to Tuberculosis Crippling due to Tuberculosis Crippling due to causes other than Tuberculosis, i.e. Paralysis, Rickets, Traumatism Other Physical Defectives, e.g. delicate and other children suitable for admission to Open Air Schools; children suffering from severe Heart Disease In Institutions other than Certified Schools for Physical Schools Attending Public Elementary Schools 2 Attending Public Elementary Schools 2 Attending Public Elementary Schools 2 Attending Public Elementary Schools In Institutions other than Certified Schools for Physically Defective Children In Institutions other than Certified Schools for Physically Defective Children Attending Public Elementary Schools Not at School Not at School Attending Public Elementary Schools Not at School Not at School Not at School Attending Public Elementary Schools Not at School N	Attending Certified Schools for	Physic-	•••	•••	•••
Crippling due to Tuberculosis	Pulmonary Tuberculosis In Institutions other than C	ertified			•••
Crippling due to Tuberculosis In Institutions other that Certified Schools	Not at School	• • •	I .	_	
Crippling due to causes other than Tuberculosis, i.e. Paralysis, Rickets, Traumatism Other Physical Defectives, e.g. delicate and other children suitable for admission to Open Air Schools; children suffering from severe Heart Disease In Institutions other than Certified Schools for Physical Defectives, e.g. delicate and other children suitable for admission to Open Air Schools Attending Public Elementary Schools	Attending Certified Schools for	Physic-		•••	• • •
Crippling due to causes other than Tuberculosis, i.e. Paralysis, Rickets, Traumatism Other Physical Defectives, e.g. delicate and other children suitable for admission to Open Air Schools; children suffering from severe Heart Disease Not at School	culosis In Institutions other that C	ertified			• • •
Crippling due to causes other than Tuberculosis, i.e. Paralysis, Rickets, Traumatism Other Physical Defectives, e.g. delicate and other children suitable for admission to Open Air Schools; children suffering from severe Heart Disease Attending Certified Schools for Physically Defective Children					• • •
i.e. Paralysis, Rickets, Traumatism Schools	Crippling due to causes Attending Certified Schools for	Physic-	2	•••	2
Other Physical Defectives, e.g. delicate and other children suitable for admission to Open Air Schools; children suffering from severe Heart Disease	i.e. Paralysis, Rickets, In Institutions other than C		•••	•••	•••
e.g. delicate and other children suitable for admission to Open Air Schools; children suffering from severe Heart Disease Mot at School Elementary Schools					•••
children suitable for admission to Open Air Schools of Cally Defective Children, other ing from severe Heart Disease Not at School		Schools			
Disease Not at School	children suitable for admission to Open Air Attending Open Air Schools Schools; children suffer- cally Defective Children,	Physi- other		• •	•••
			•••		• • •
Retarded 3 years	Dull and Backward Retarded 2 years		•••	• • •	•••

Treatment of Defects of Children during 1922.

Table IV. (a), (b), (c) and (d) give particulars of the various ailments discovered. Practically all these cases have been dealt with at the School Clinic. The beneficial results of the Routine Inspection of school children are becoming increasingly evident, and although the standard of cleanliness set is a very high one, cases of uncleanliness of head and body are extremely rare. This feature was noted in last year's report, and it is satisfactory to know that the standard is being maintained.

TABLE IV.

(a) Minor Ailments.

		Number of Children.						
		Treated.						
Disease or Defect.	Referred for Treatment.	Under L.E.A. Scheme.	Otherwise	Total				
Skin—Ringworm (head) ,, (body) Scabies	123 69 39	123 69 23	<u> </u>	123 69 39				
Impetigo Minor Injuries	161 130	161 130		161 130				
Other Skin diseases Ear disease	60	10 60	9	19 60				
Eye disease (external and other) Miscellaneous	54 408	54 295	113	54 408				
	1063	925	138	1063				

(b) Treatment of Visual Defect.

· · ·	
Number of Children—	
Referred for Refraction	331
Submitted to Refraction—	
Under L.E.A. Scheme, Clinic or Hospital 266	
By Private Practitioner or Hospital —	
Otherwise	
Total 2	266
For whom glasses were prescribed	158
For whom glasses were provided	144
Recommended for Treatment other than by glasses	54
Received other forms of Treatment	49
For whom no Treatment was considered necessary	14

(c) Treatment of Defects of Nose and Throat.

No. of Children.

	Received Operative Treatment.									
Referred for Treatment.	Under L.E.A. Scheme, Clinic or Hospital.	By private Practitioner or Hospital.		Received other forms of Treatment.						
61	34	25	59							

(d) Treatment of Dental Defects.

I.—Number of Children dealt with.

		Age Groups										
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	"Specials"	Total.
(a) Inspected by Dentist	1086	1012	933	891	908	929	473	379	294	78		6608
(b) Referred for Treatment	, 	6014						72	6086			
(c) Actually Treated		2980					36	3016				
(d) Re-treated (result of periodical examina-on		466						6	472			

II.—PARTICULARS OF TIME GIVEN AND OF OPERATIONS UNDERTAKEN.

(1)	Number of half-days devote	ed to In	spectio	n	• • •	• • •	• • •	46
	Number of half-days devote	ed to Tr	eatmen	t	• • •	• • •	• • •	370
(3)	Total number of attendance	s made	by the	Child	en at	the Clin	ic	4090
Nur	aber of permanent Teeth—							
	(4) Extracted	• • •	•••	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	102
	(4) Extracted (5) Filled	•••	• • •	•••	• • •	• • •	• • •	470
Nur	nber of Temporary Teeth—							
	(6) Extracted	• • •	• • •	• • •		• • •	• • •	3068
	(7) Filled						• • •	559
	Total number of Fillings							1029
(9)	Number of administrations	s of L	ocal A	næsthe	etics i	included	in	
	(4) and (6)	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •		• • •	3025
Number of Other Operations—								
		•••	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	607
	(11) Temporary Teeth	•••	•••	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	

(e) Treatment of Uncleanliness.

(a)	The average number of visits per annum made by the Sch	ool Nurses to	each	
	school	•••	•••	8
(b)	The total number of examinations made of children by School	l Nurses	•••	20731
(c)	The number of individual children found unclean	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••	2175

The Clinic.

As in former years, the School Medical Officer has been in attendance at the School Clinic on Wednesday afternoons and Saturday mornings during the School Sessions, for the purpose of examining, and where necessary, prescribing for ailing children sent down by Parents, Teachers, Attendance Officers or the School Nurses. Cases requiring special treatment are referred to the private doctor concerned, but many cases of minor ailments are treated on the spot, and much benefit results.

During the year, 1,738 children attended the Clinic and made 5,909 visits, an average of 3'4 visits per child. A special card is made out for each child, and after each session these cards are passed to the Attendance Officer, who is thereby conversant with the children attending, and the complaint discovered. The column for remarks is filled in with the duration of the child's absence, and on completion of the treatment the card is marked "fit for school."

In addition to the above attendances, cases of ringworm, discharging ears, impetigo, scabies, &c., attend in batches in the forenoon for special treatment.

TABLE V.

SUMMARY OF TREATMENT OF DEFECTS AS SHOWN IN TABLE IV. (a), (b), (c), (d) & (f) but excluding (e).

	Number of Children.						
		Treated.					
Disease or Defect.	Referred for Treatment.	Under L.E.A. Scheme.	Otherwise.	Total.			
Minor Ailments Visual Defects	1063 331	925 266	138	1063 266			
Defects of Nose and Throat Dental Defects Other Defects	59 6086 675	34 3016 675	25 —	59 3016 675			
	8214	4916	163	5079			

School Attendance Acts and School Byelaws.

Attendance Orders,	Educa	tion A	uthor	ity to p	ay cos	ts	• • •	24
,,	Defend	lant to	pay	costs	• • •	• • •	• • •	8
Fined 10/- including	costs	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	2
							• • •	1
,, 5/- Conditional fine of	5/-	• • •		• • •		• • •	•••	3
11 11	10/-	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	2
Adjournment withd	rawn u	pon m	aking	full at	tendar	ıce	• • •	1
Adjourned two mon							23)	1
•	•	3		•		,	ĺ,	
								42

School Nurses.

Two fully qualified Nurses have devoted their whole time to the medical work in connection with the Routine Inspection, the School Clinic, and the Oculist and Dentist. One Nurse is always on duty at the School Clinic to attend to minor ailments, dressings, &c., while the other attends the various schools to assist the School Medical Officer, the School Dentist, and the Oculist. This Nurse, during the afternoons visits the houses of children who require to be "followed up." The Table below sets out the number of such "following up" visits and the reason therefor, during the year.

Home Visits, 1922.

Verminous Heads	• • •	• • •	55	Verminous Clothing	• • •	4
Sore thoat	• • •	• • •	4	Tonsils and Adenoids	• • •	17
Unclean Habits	• • •	• • •	4			
Verminous Bodies	•••	• • •	4		Total	207
Impetigo	• • •	• • •	7			
Eye (Clinic)	• • •	• • •	98	Heads examined	• • •	20731
Rheumatism		• • •	1	Living Vermin	• • •	155
Various	• • •	• • •	12	Many Nits	• • •	535
Measles	• • •	• • •	1	With few Nits	• • •	1485

In addition to this number, 511 visits were paid to school classes to re-examine children who had attended the Clinic.

Uncleanliness.

The marked improvement noted in previous years has continued, and cases of neglect have been extremely rare.

The School Nurses have visited each school on an average twice each quarter, and have systematically examined the children with regard to cleanliness of head and body. 20,731 children were so examined during the year, and the following Table gives the result of these examinations.

Number Examined.	Number with living vermin.	With nits.	Total verminous.		
20,731	155	2,020	2,175		
Percentage	·7%	9 ⁸² %	10.5%		

A cleansing station is provided at the School Clinic, for the treatment of verminous cases. This has not been required during the year.

The concluding Table (Table VI.) gives in the form of a summary the number of children medically inspected at the Routine Inspection during the year 1922.

TABLE VI.

SUMMARY RELATING TO CHILDREN MEDICALLY INSPECTED AT THE ROUTINE INSPECTIONS DURING THE YEAR 1922.

(1)	The total number of children medically	inspec	cted at	the ro	atine in	rspection	ons	• • •	2369
(2)	The number of children in (1) suffering	from-	-						
	Malnutrition	• • •	•••	•••	•••	• • •	• • •	• • •	188
	Skin disease	•••	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	•••	18
	Defective vision (including squ	int)	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	•••	• • •	279
	Eye disease	• • •	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	•••	•••	17
	Defective hearing	•••	•••	• • •		• • •	•••	• • •	31
	Ear disease	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	15
	Nose and Throat disease	•••	•••	• • •	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	611
	Enlarged cervical glands (non-	tuberci	ular)	• • •	•••	•••	• • •	•••	
	Defective speech	• • •	•••	• • •	•••	• • •	• • •	• • •	25
	Dental disease	•••	•••	• • •	•••	•••	• • •	• • •	1964
	Heart disease, Organic	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	•••	17
	,, Functional	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	•••	•••	10
	Anæmia	•••	•••	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	60
	Lung disease (non-tubercular)	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	•••	• • •	• • •	64
	Tuberculosis—								
	Pulmonary, Definite	• • •	•••	•••	• • •	• • •	***	• • •	2
	Suspected	•••	•••	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	•••	6
	Non-Pulmonary	•••	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	•••	•••	8
	Disease of nervous system	•••	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	5
	Deformities	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	•••	•••	5
	Other defects and diseases	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	•••	89
(3)	The number of children in (1) suffering defective clothing or footgear) who	from	defects	(other	than	unclear	nlin ess	or	
	not referred for treatment)	roquii	c to be	mopt (ander (ODSCI V	11011 (1		628
	not referred for treatment,	•••	•••	•••	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	020
(4)	The number of children in (1) who we cleanliness, defective clothing, &c.)		erred 	for tre	atmen	t (excl	uding ı	in-	136
(5)	The number of children in (4) who re-	boyies	trantm	ant for	. 000	0 m 0 m 0 m	o dofo	040	
(5)	(excluding uncleanliness, defective				•••		···		87

